

More Outdoor Water Conservation Tips

- Water your lawn slowly. It is difficult to get water to soak into the soil in Charlotte. If you notice water running off the lawn or pooling, stop the sprinkler and give the soil time to absorb the water.
- Be mindful of how much water you are using for your lawn. Lawns only need one inch of water, including rain, a week.

- Consistently remove water-hogging weeds.
- Mulch to retain moisture. Mulch around trees, shrubs, and flowers to help the soil retain moisture and prevent weeds.
- Wash pets outdoors in an area of lawn that needs to be watered. You'll have a clean pet and a watered lawn. Be mindful of the shampoo you use, because the soap will soak into your lawn with the water.
- Plant more trees! Eventually you'll have less lawn. Turfgrass is not native to Charlotte. Which means it needs water, usually more than provided by Mother Nature. Converting lawn to native trees and shrubs cuts back the need for outdoor watering substantially. And don't forget the mulch!
- Leave lower branches on trees
 and shrubs and allow leaf litter to
 accumulate on the soil. This keeps the
 soil cooler and reduces evaporation.

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Outdoor Water Conservation



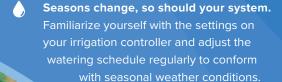
Outdoor Water Conservation

- One sprinkler running for 10 minutes can use up to 170 gallons of water.
- Our pricing structure is designed to encourage conservation. The more gallons you use the more a gallon costs.

Smart IrrigationInformation and Tips

Smart irrigation technology uses weather data and soil moisture data to determine the irrigation needs of a landscape. These generally include the use of sensors and controllers to effectively manage your landscape irrigation.

You can incorporate smart irrigation technology with best practices below. However, you can always incorporate these ideas of efficient irrigation with a current system you already have.





- Evaporation is highest in the afternoon.

 Avoid irrigating between noon and 6 pm.
- Play "zone" defense. Schedule each individual zone in your irrigation system to account for the type of sprinkler, sun or shade exposure, and the soil type for the specific area. The same watering schedule rarely applies to all zones in the system.
- Inspect your irrigation system monthly.
 Check for leaks, broken or clogged
 heads, and other problems, or engage an
 irrigation professional to regularly check
 your system. Clean micro-irrigation filters
 as needed.
- Get your head adjusted. Correct obstructions in sprinkler heads that prevent sprinklers from distributing water evenly. Keep water off pavement and structures.

Learn more about our Smart Irrigation Program online at:

<u>CharlotteNC.gov/water/</u> <u>Customer-Care/Smart-Irrigation</u>

