Purpose

The use of publicly-owned land for Affordable Housing is noted as a national best practice for expanding the supply of quality diverse price point housing, and is identified as a tool in the Housing Charlotte Framework. It is the City’s intent to prioritize use of available City-owned Real Property for development of Affordable Housing whenever possible. These guidelines and procedures establish a uniform process for the evaluation, use, reuse and/or disposition of City-owned Real Property for Affordable Housing and are intended to:

- Set forth the criteria, provide clarity and reflect desired outcomes relative to the evaluation, use, reuse or disposition of City-owned Real Property with the overall goal of affirmatively furthering the availability of fair housing choices for all residents while expanding the supply of affordable and workforce housing.
- Provide for fixed asset control documentation to properly account for any use, reuse or disposition of City-owned Real Property
- Prohibit disposition of City-Owned property in a context or by a method which could give rise to an allegation of a conflict of interest

Summary

Each parcel of City-owned Real Property shall be reviewed regularly and in accordance with the City’s policies and portfolio management procedures, including the City-Owned Real Estate and Facilities Policy. This review includes the consideration of the development of Affordable Housing, including developments that include other current or future municipal uses such as municipal parking, in an effort to leverage all City-owned Real Property to its fullest potential for Affordable Housing. If a parcel(s) is determined to be suitable for Affordable Housing, the City should seek to partner with an appropriate non-profit or for-profit housing entity to develop it as Affordable Housing. If the property is deemed to no longer have a municipal use and is also deemed unsuitable for Affordable Housing, it may be disposed of following the City’s existing procedures. In such cases, the City reserves the right to allocate a portion of the proceeds from the sale of such property to a City housing fund to further the development of Affordable Housing. All City departments and agencies are subject to these procedures and guidelines.

Guiding Principals

- To every extent possible, and in alignment with City priorities, City-owned Real Property shall be used for Affordable Housing to:
• Create mixed-income and inclusive neighborhoods
• Monetize City assets to increase the supply of affordable and workforce housing
• Leverage, reduce or eliminate the need for Housing Trust Fund or other City funding requests
• Leverage other public and private sources, including Opportunity Zone funding, to increase the supply of affordable and workforce housing,
• Provide Affordable Housing through innovative, public-private partnerships with a new model for supporting Affordable Housing, and
• Increase the City’s long-term deed restricted Affordable Housing supply.

Goals

It is the City’s intent to prioritize use of available City-owned Real Property for development of Affordable Housing to every extent possible. While each potential Affordable Housing use will be evaluated on the unique characteristics of the property and development proposal, the following goals are hereby established to serve as guidelines for evaluation. Preference will be given to development
scenarios that help the City meet and surpass these goals, with preference given to developments that surpass these goals.

- The City desires to achieve the highest number of affordable units serving households earning between 30 and 80 percent of the AMI, with an emphasis on units serving households earning 30 percent or below of the AMI.
- Developments including a minimum of 51 percent of units serving households between 30 and 80 percent of the AMI, with 20 percent of units serving households earning 30 percent or below of AMI.
- Deed restrictions/terms of affordability for a period of time that aligns with city priorities, generally a minimum of 30 years and above with a preference for longer affordability periods and/or right of first refusal agreements.
- Developments where the use of City-owned Real Estate further leverages, reduces, or eliminates other public or private funding requests.
- Developments that allow affordable and workforce housing to be placed in or near:
  - Transit Station Areas and existing or proposed transit services
  - Center City and other areas of high opportunity
  - Areas zoned or planned for future development
  - Near commercial and employment centers
  - Neighborhoods experiencing change (gentrification)
  - Areas that support the City’s revitalization efforts
  - Areas that promote diverse, inclusive neighborhoods

Periodic Review

- City departments will regularly review all City-owned Real Property to consider the suitability for its current use, and to consider its current use, reuse or disposition for the development of Affordable Housing.
- Properties characterized as Fully Utilized should be evaluated every five years or less to consider opportunities for Affordable Housing, and those characterized as Underutilized, Interim, Unused or Surplus should be evaluated annually for the use of Affordable Housing, including the opportunity to incorporate Affordable Housing with other municipal uses, such as public parking developments.
- When new land is acquired by the City for municipal purposes, the initial review will take place at the time of acquisition and/or project planning.
- In addition to Affordable Housing uses, periodic reviews will also consider uses for other City priorities, such as public safety and economic development. Balancing all City priorities, including Affordable Housing, will be considered as part of these periodic reviews.
- The Mayor, City Council or staff may request that a specific property be reviewed at any time.
Criteria for Assessing Suitability for Affordable Housing Development

• In determining if a property is suitable for development as Affordable Housing, the following criteria, among others, will be used:
  o Current and planned use, including the opportunity for a more intensive use
  o Zoning or rezoning opportunities, including the opportunity for a more intensive use
  o Size and site configuration
  o Topography
  o Presence of contamination/hazardous materials
  o Infrastructure
  o Presence of existing City facilities
  o Location
  o Opportunity and access
  o Current or projected Neighborhood Change
  o Alignment with City priorities
  o Originating Fund Source/Restriction on Use; and
  o Ability to create Mixed Use Development

• Housing & Neighborhood Services and Engineering & Property Management - Real Estate departments, along with other departments as necessary, will assist in evaluating the use of City-owned Real Property for Affordable Housing development.

• On an annual basis, staff will review the properties held for development of Affordable Housing to update the timeline for development of such property.

Definitions

• Affordable Housing: Housing that is predominantly affordable to low and very low-income households at or below 80 percent of Area Median Income (AMI), as published from time to time by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD).

• Deed Restrictions: Recorded agreements that restrict the use of the real estate and are referenced in the deed.

• Disposition: The donation, trade or sale of real property to a non-City entity.

• Fully Utilized: City-owned property that is actively being used for municipal purposes to the fullest capacity possible under any required restrictions to its municipal use.

• Interim Use: The use of property for a non-municipal uses(s) on a short-term basis during the period of time prior to its being used for its proposed future municipal use.

• Long-term Lease – Generally refers to a long term lease transaction up to 50-years or more.
• Mixed Use Development: A development that includes Affordable Housing and other uses, including but not limited to other public services.

• Municipal Use: Active or passive use of real property to carry out general purposes of the City or to accomplish City goals and objectives.

• Real Property: Fee-owned land and appurtenances to land, including buildings, structures, fixtures, fences and improvements erected upon or affixed to the same.

• Reuse: The use of an unused or underutilized property, after review and assessment of the property’s potential uses.

• Sale: the conveyance to a non-City entity of all or a portion of a parcel of real property for consideration.

• Surplus Property: Excess property designated as not needed to carry out any recognized goal or policy of the City.

• Underutilized Property: Property that could support additional and/or more intensive uses without interfering with the primary use of the property.

• Unused Property: Property not currently in municipal use.